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MARGINAL COLUMN
BY MIRIAM RABIN

It is still too early to assess the significance of the Cabinet reshuffle announced in Tunisia last Tuesday, but the nature of the changes made and the inclusion of certain names in the Government seem to point unmistakably to a relaxation in President Habib Bourguiba's allegedly non-democratic practices. The reshuffle may also indicate a wish on the President's part to heed the steadily growing demands for a new constitution, for new elections to replace the present Constituent Assembly (which is composed only of members approved by Bourguiba's own Neo-Democratic Party, while the country has no "Cabinet" in the accepted sense of the term), and for the introduction of the various democratic institutions promised ever since Tunisia got her independence in March, 1956.

It would seem, however, that the most significant change which President Bourguiba has introduced in his Cabinet is the inclusion of Mr. Mohammed Masmoudi, ex-ambassador to France and a member of the younger intelligentsia, which has been increasingly critical of Bourguiba's policies. Last September, when the Political Committee of Bourguiba's party, which sponsored the French-language weekly "L'Action," decided to withdraw its patronage from this publication, Masmoudi was the only member of the committee to openly disapprove of the decision. He was expelled from the committee and subsequently dismissed from his post in Paris — though only after he himself announced his intention of resigning as a gesture of solidarity with the "L'Action" staff. Editor of "L'Action" for whom Masmoudi's decision meant physical as well as political extinction.

Mr. Masmoudi has now been appointed Minister of Information, an important post which has been held by the first to hold in independent Tunisia, and it may be assumed that the "reconciliation" will affect others among Bourguiba's associates who have recently criticized some of his policies and methods. The "Freedom-of-Dangerous" line which the Tunisian President has followed of late may be abandoned and a more flexible position may now emerge. "If they are essential, Bourguiba told an American correspondent only four months ago, 'I accept, I am creating a nation.' At the moment of a revolution there is no question of setting up a democracy like that in America. The State and its existence are essential before everything else." And so on.

BUT what can be termed friendly opposition to Bourguiba has not been confined to the domestic sphere; the Government has been forced to wage in nearby Algeria, has not been able to maintain its cordial relations with the Western Powers, especially France, with its out-murmuring front-line supporters. Not long before his demise, "L'Action" published an editorial in which it expressed serious doubts about whether the President was taking a correct foreign policy line. "To be respected in 1958," it wrote "one must be a friend of the West. To receive attention and be courted, one must be a Nehru, a Tito or an infantino. Against the Occidental mystique in our country is surely to come to grief. It is a national imperative to extend to the East as well as the West."

It would be wrong to conclude that the "L'Action" group of intellectuals is in any sense "Nasserist," or that Cairo's propaganda has any hold on Tunisia — "Nasserism" is everywhere. Indication that Bourguiba's most serious rival, Salah Ben Youssef, who has since last November been indicative of his uneasiness in this respect. When Paris was reported opposed to supplying Tunisia with arms, Ben Youssef hastened to announce that his Government had begun negotiations for arms with Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia and Sweden, adding that this denoted a certain change in Tunisia's policy.

It is almost certain that such signs of impatience with the West express no more than the desire to get larger supplies of Western arms on better conditions. They seem to be directed mainly at the West, and not at the pro-Western policy. But last week's Cabinet reshuffle may denote a growing confidence in Bourguiba's policy as well as his ability to face opposition.

Moscow Says Nasser Jails 'Progressives'

Moscow Radio on Saturday quoted foreign reports of the "anti-Communist campaign" in the U.A.R. in an English broadcast for Britain. Moscow Radio said "progressive-minded politicians" had been arrested. It added that "this anti-Communist campaign is spreading beyond the confines of Cairo to other towns of the Egyptian and Syrian regions."

In Cairo on Saturday night, Gamal Abdel Nasser conferred with Soviet Ambassador Kiselev. It was their first meeting since Nasser's attack on the Communists in his first radio speech on December 21.

Official sources in Cairo confirmed on Saturday that Nasser has arrested more than 100 Communists throughout the U.A.R. in the last few days in a determined effort to smash the party organization.

(Beirut Radio declared on Saturday evening that more than 200 Communists had been arrested in Egypt and Syria, "in line with Nasser's new policy of using all means to crush Communist activity.")

It was not known exactly how many Communists have been arrested in the Syrian region. But in Egypt sources said 40 persons were arrested in the last few days, and about the same number in the provinces. Many of those arrested were lawyers, journalists and writers.

Publications Seized

In addition, three publishing houses were closed in Cairo and one bookshop was closed in Alexandria and its contents were seized.

The seized-up bookshop was called "Al Salam (Peace)," and was believed to be a center for the distribution of literature.

It was reliably learned that those arrested in Cairo included one former army officer and lawyer, Nabil Hilaly. Hilaly is the son of the late Premier Nagib el-Hilaly, and was an officer in the army and a member of the "Free Officers" movement.

The crack-down investigations were proceeding with the utmost secrecy under the direction of the state security prosecution.

Egyptian newspapers reported clashes between Communists and Arab Nationalists.

THREE PREMIERS TO CAIRO THIS WEEK

CAIRO (Reuters). — The Egyptian capital will be visited by three Prime Ministers — Otto Grotewohl of East Germany, Rashid Karamah of the Lebanese Amal Movement and a representative of the Syrian Arab Republic.

Cuban Rebels Enter Havana; Chief of Army Junta Arrested

HAVANA. — Bearded veterans of Dr. Fidel Castro's victorious rebel forces took over the national capital building in the heart of Havana on Saturday and occupied the military headquarters on the city outskirts without firing a single shot.

Shortly after their entry, the arrest was announced of Colonel Eulogio Cantilla, head of the military junta which took over control of Cuba as Chief of Staff on Thursday after ex-President Fulgencio Batista fled to the Dominican Republic.

Col. Cantilla is accused by Dr. Castro of betraying the plan by which the armed forces were to join the rebels at the decisive moment, with strict security measures to be enforced to prevent Batista's escape.

The former dictator succeeded in getting away with many of his aides. His departure was followed by wild scenes of looting and disorder.

But Havana was quiet on Saturday with rebel forces firmly in control as the capital awaited the arrival from Santiago of Dr. Castro and his presidential nominee, Judge Manuel Urrutia.

An airliner was standing by at the international airport outside Havana to fly to Santiago, the provisional seat of the rebel government in Oriente Province, to bring them to Havana.

An estimated 6,000 Castro troops entered Havana Saturday under the command of Alberto Mora, nephew of former Cuban President Manuel Mora, who was killed in an attack he led on the presidential palace in March, 1957.

Dr. Castro's brother, Raul, was among rebel field army forces pouring into the city. The rebel forces took over here on Friday after a gun battle in which his militia, supported by tanks, sought out the last of Batista's supporters. Many of the Batista men were reported to have been killed and hundreds wounded.

Among places smashed and sacked by the mobs here were several airline offices, including that of Cubana, Havana agent for the British Overseas Airways Corporation and British West Indian Airways. Air France and Venezuelan Airlines offices were also damaged.

Describing the entry of the first of Castro's advance columns into Havana, the "Chicago Tribune" correspondent wrote, "Thousands of persons lined the route of march on the outskirts of the city to welcome them. Enthusiastically happy men, women, and children waved flags and cheered the troops."

We extend our heartfelt condolences to our friend and colleague
Chana Gelber
on the passing away of her beloved mother
ESTHER DAVID
The World Wise Executive

We deeply regret to announce the untimely death of our beloved
DINAH MARCUS
(NEE MARGALITH)

The funeral will proceed from the deceased's home, 66 Rehov Ma'ar, Tel Aviv, on Sunday, January 4, 1959 at 10.30 a.m. to the Petah Tikva Cemetery. The funeral procession will pass the Bank Leumi premises at Petah Tikva at 11.00 a.m.

The Bereaved Families:
Husband **BARUCH MARCUS** (formerly Manager of Barclays Bank, Tel Aviv)
Mother **MIRIAM MARGALITH**, brother, sisters, brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law and their families Marcus, Grunin, Reich, Blomstock, Brill and Polak.

U.N. Chief Leaves Israel With 'Rich Impressions'

By ANI BATEL, Jerusalem Post Reporter

"Rich impressions cannot be summed up briefly," U.N. Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold told The Jerusalem Post on Friday when asked for his impressions of his whirlwind three-day tour of Israel.

Mr. Hammarskjold and his party left Sde Boker for Jerusalem by Israel Air Force helicopter, arriving at the Givat Shaul landing strip in Jerusalem at 11.30.

A last-minute change in plans was made in Jerusalem, when the Secretary-General suddenly asked to meet with the President and with Prof. Martin Buber.

Prof. Buber told The Jerusalem Post that their half-hour talk was concerned with the relationship between philosophy and politics from the Jewish point of view. When Mr. Hammarskjold called on one in New York last spring, he expressed his intention to translate into Jewish terms the relationship between philosophy and politics.

Mr. Hammarskjold's last day in Israel was his busiest. It began at 7 a.m. with a brief seven-kilometer walk with Prime Minister Ben-Gurion immediately after breakfast at Sde Boker. The two were accompanied by the settlement's founders, Mr. Yehoshua Cohen, a former member of the Stern Group, whom Mr. Ben-Gurion introduced to the Secretary-General as "a former terrorist."

Talks More Detailed

Friday morning's talks between the two were more detailed than Thursday's. The Secretary-General discussed Article VIII of the Armistice Agreement with Jordan, and the situation on the Syrian border. The meeting was also attended by the U.N.T.S.O. Chief, Maj. Gen. Von Horn, M. Viger and Mr. H. Samper on behalf of the U.N., and by Dr. Biran.

More Cordial Atmosphere

Post Political Correspondent

The significance of Mr. Hammarskjold's Israel visit may lie more in the general atmosphere of cordiality and the entirely unprecedented sight-seeing trips he made, than in the concrete political matters discussed. The general political scene was, however, reviewed at considerable length, first with Foreign Minister Mrs. Golda Meir on Wednesday and with Mr. Ben-Gurion's home the same afternoon, and again in private conversation with the Prime Minister until a late hour on Thursday evening.

It is understood that Mr. Ben-Gurion left no doubts in his guest's mind as to Israel's attitude in the present Middle East situation. He also stressed that Israel's determination to exercise its right of self-defence in no way conflicts with its basic desire for peace.

Mr. Ben-Gurion is also believed to have made plain to his guest's mind as to what Israel considers to be the danger points in the area. Mr. Hammarskjold should now have no difficulty in conveying Israel's views directly to Arab leaders in Amman, Riyadh and Cairo, if he wishes to do so.

On Friday morning, the principals and their advisers discussed Article VIII of the Jordan Armistice Agreement and the situation on the Syrian border.

Mr. Hammarskjold is understood to have favoured the demarcation of the international border between Syria and Israel, a step which has previously been advocated by Israel. It is now up to Mr. Hammarskjold, during his talks in Amman, to convince Nasser of the necessity of this measure.

The implementation of Article VIII, which provides for the free access of Israelis to Mt. Scopus and the Holy Places in Jordan, was brought up by the Secretary-General in his talks with Prime Minister Ben-Gurion.

Light Showers Expected Today

Jerusalem Post Staff

Occasional showers will fall this morning (Sunday) according to the weatherman at Lydda Airport. The rain is expected mainly in the North and the central part of Israel.

Our Beersheba correspondent reports that the sheep part of the flocks will have to be slaughtered because fodder is short.

Even if sufficient rain were now to fall, it would have at least two months to grow enough pasture.

Mapai Elections Expected Today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

About 35 per cent of the 160,000 Mapai members went to the polls by Saturday night, when the party's internal elections were begun. The elections are being held in a relatively quiet atmosphere, although an air of competition of the participation of delegates to the party convention and the councils of Mapai tranches is felt throughout the country. During the last few days several thousand additional Mapai members secured their right to vote, thus exceeding the 160,000 mark of eligible voters. The party elections will be continued until Sunday night and in the major cities until Monday night.

Confers in Amman On Refugee Issue

AMMAN (Reuters). — U.N. Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold conferred on Saturday with Premier Samir Rifai of the Arab refugee question and discussed Jordan's views on the implementation of Article 8 of the Israel-Jordan Armistice Agreement.

He met King Hussein in the afternoon, after attending a luncheon given by Mr. Pier Spinnell, Mr. Hammarskjold's special representative in Amman.

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Soviet Rocket Reported to Be Within 80,000 kms. of Moon

West Urged To Pool Efforts

LONDON. — A British space expert, Mr. Kenneth Galtland, Vice-Chairman of the British Interplanetary Society, on Saturday called for the Western powers to initiate a cooperative programme of space research.

He also suggested bringing the moon under U.N. jurisdiction.

The Russian achievement of launching a possibly successful moon rocket threw down a tremendous challenge to the West, he added.

Mr. Galtland, one of a small group who knew some days ago that "something interesting" was under way in Russia because of activity among East European space scientists, suggested that the cosmic rocket might be carrying tape-recorder equipment.

This would be valuable, he said, when the rocket got out of range of radio communication, many millions of miles into space.

"It will possibly become a part of the sun just as the earth is," Mr. Galtland said. "While on its orbit it could store up information and then when its orbit and that of the earth were in favour of restoring the scientific communication, Soviet scientists could order it to transmit its data."

Mr. Galtland is a guidance system expert and he said the Russians were achieving "fantastic accuracy" with their rocket "if their figures are correct — and they always are."

He pointed out that the American moon probe would have been regarded as successful if they had passed within 80,000 kms. of the moon. But the Russians are speaking of a little over 4,000 kms. "This isn't much further than the distance from London to New York," he said. "This 'close shave' would enable the Russians to restore the scientific communication, many millions of miles into space."

He said this "close shave" would enable the Russians to restore the scientific communication, many millions of miles into space.

Next Step: Moon Men

Besides radio transmitters the rocket is carrying instruments to make the following scientific observations: ascertaining the moon's magnetic field; study of cosmic rays outside the earth's magnetic field; of photons (a light measurement) in cosmic radiation; the radioactivity of the moon; the distribution of heavy nuclei in cosmic radiation; the gas components of interplanetary matter; solar radiation and meteoric particles.

Commenting on the launching of the rocket, Moscow Radio said in an English-language broadcast to North America Friday night: "In view of these developments, preparations will be made to equip an expedition to the moon which would establish an observatory and an intermediary base there for a future space flight."

Russian scientists also packed an unspecified number of red flags described as "pennants" with the coats of arms of the U.S.S.R. and the inscription, "Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, January, 1959."

Signals from the rocket, sounding like a telephone dial tone, were picked up at scattered points throughout the country. They were being broadcast on 19,997, 19,998, 19,999 and 182.6 megacycles.

(Reuters, UPI)

May Become Satellite of Sun

MOSCOW (Reuters). — Russia's new rocket will pass by the moon and become a new planet of the sun, TASS announced on Saturday. At 11.00 GMT (11 p.m. Israel time) the rocket launched on Friday was estimated to have reached a height of 311,000 kms. The Soviet news agency said. This was within about 80,000 kms. of the moon.

"The results of the processing of trajectory measurements confirm that the rocket will pass close to the moon and will become a new planet of the sun," TASS added.

"The minimum distance of the rocket from the surface of the moon as it passes will be between 4,000 and 6,000 kms.," TASS said. It announced that "the rocket's scientific apparatus is working normally. Reception stations on the earth continue to receive a steady intake of scientific information. According to data from the first measurements, the temperature on the surface of the rocket amounts to 15-20 degrees Centigrade (59 to 68 degrees Fahrenheit)."

Not Within I.G.Y.

There is no direct confirmation here so far that the moon rocket is part of the International Geophysical Year programme, which officially ended on December 31. If it is, then the information derived from its instruments will be made available to other countries under I.G.Y.

Moscow University, which has a large Astronomical section, said through its spokesman that it had no tracking equipment. He added that tracking is being done in several corners of the Soviet Union, but not in Moscow.

Soviet scientists, quoted by Moscow Radio and TASS, said the last stage of the rocket, weighing one and a half tons, is expected to arrive in the area of the moon early Sunday morning.

All is apparently going to plan, and jubilant Soviet scientists were already talking of studying other members of the solar system by way of direct visits to them by manned space vehicles.

Ike Hails USSR Bid

WASHINGTON (Reuters). — President Eisenhower on Saturday sent a message of congratulation to the Soviet Union on its successful launching of a space rocket.

In a statement released by Mr. James Hagerty, the Presidential press secretary, Mr. Eisenhower said, "The successful launching as announced by the Soviets of a vehicle designed to pass near the moon represents a great stride forward in man's advance into the infinite reaches of space."

To a ground-test experiment of the rocket, and engineers assigned to the undertaking a full measure of credit is due and we congratulate them on this achievement."

The Defence Department "had advance information" of the Soviet moon rocket launching, spokesman said Friday night.

In New York, the Atomic Industrial Forum, Inc. in its 1958 summary, detailed steady gains made in atomic research and development in the U.S. Among these were: Completion of atomic engines for the new atomic-powered submarine; a dual-reactor land-based prototype of the first power plant for a large naval surface vessel; a single-reactor land-based prototype for a nuclear reactor designed for rocket propulsion; a small transistorized electronic device to produce heat electric power and heat for remote army bases, and "atomic" reactors in which atomic construction materials and fuels can be subjected to the rigorous conditions to be met in nuclear power plants of the future.

Ike Proclaims Alaska '49th'

WASHINGTON. — President Eisenhower on Saturday proclaimed Alaska as the 49th state and announced the design of a new 48-star U.S. flag.

The new flag will bear seven rows of seven stars each instead of the present six rows of eight. The rows are intended so that the design is staggered and the flag will come into official use on July 4—Independence Day.

Mr. Eisenhower signed the Alaska statehood proclamation and announced the design of the new flag at a White House ceremony.

Velocity Too Great

Mr. Anatoli Blagonravov, head of the Technical Section of the Academy of Sciences, said that the rocket's velocity was too great for it to be directed within the gravitational orbit of the moon. "It will pass by the moon and continue its flight into cosmic space within the solar system," he added.

Prof. Victor Brashin, Director of Moscow Planetary, said it was still unclear what would happen to the rocket, but the experiment was "a very great success."

The Soviet rocket, which has a maximum speed of 17,500 kms. per hour, was launched by a Russian satellite as a major event in history — the first genuine escape from gravity into space. It also set a precedent early outlined on Page 1, Col. 2.

Lavon Attacks 'Young Group' For Seeking 'Personal Power'

By PAUL KOHN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — In a scathing attack on Mapai's "Young Group," the Secretary-General of the Histadrut, Mr. Pinhas Lavon, on Saturday said that "this so-called club does not represent the young generation in Mapai, in the Histadrut, the youth movements or among intellectuals, and the only thing that unites them is their desire for personal power."

Mr. Lavon, speaking at a Mapai meeting platform to a attentive overflow audience at the Obel Hall here, said the young group did not show any sign of the intellect that marked the Fabian movement in Britain. "They have no understanding of the needs of the Labour movement, and I see no real danger from this group."

The Histadrut Secretary-General, speaking in a level voice throughout his address, singled out Messrs. Moshe Dayan and Aharon Remez for his sharpest attacks, seeking to counter their public statements and press interviews point for point. Mr. Lavon also singled out for attack what he called the "Council of anti-Mapai elders" — self-styled intellectuals who had found support in "Ha'aretz," "Haboker" and "Herut" — whose only programme was a pathological hate of Mapai and opposition to Kupat Holim and Histadrut plans for Solei Boneh and the bus cooperatives. Despite their attitude, we shall shortly deal also with Hamash and Tnuva," Mr. Lavon declared.

"Half-educated persons" had quoted statistics which they did not understand, Mr. Lavon said.

(Dayan on Becker, — Pg. 1, Col. 2)

Mapai Elections Expected Today

Jerusalem Post Staff

Occasional showers will fall this morning (Sunday) according to the weatherman at Lydda Airport. The rain is expected mainly in the North and the central part of Israel.

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Even if sufficient rain were now to fall, it would have at least two months to grow enough pasture.

Knish or 'Varenekes'

Not all your guests will be familiar with these East European delicacies, but everybody likes Hummus, which has become the national Israeli dish.

Serve your guests Telma Hummus as a special treat. It is delicious as well as nourishing, and everyone will want a second helping. Preparing it is just child's play. Add some water and Telma Hummus is ready for serving. No cooking.

And remember — Telma Hummus is pure, fresh and sustaining.

Now also available in special economy tins of 1 1/2 kg. in addition to the usual glass jars. (Advt.)

For your own good buy the original wick of **FRIEDMANN** JERUSALEM

Have You Noticed The Striking Fact that lately you meet more men than ever with dazzling white shirts? If you enquire, you will find that in nine cases out of ten these shirts have been washed with "Or," the remarkable washing powder of "Shemen."

"Or" washes quicker and makes linen whiter than any other laundry help. It contains no chlorine or other ingredients harmful to your linen.

Why not ask your wife to wash your shirt next time with "Or"? (Advt.)

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
January 4, 1959

In the Supreme Court

Before the Deputy President (Justice Chelouche), Justice Agmon and Justice Gonen.
2nd Appeal, Agmon v. The Attorney General.
Defendant: "Escape"

The Supreme Court allowed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court. The appellant, Ezer Gonen, was visited by a girl friend at the Omer institution in Herzliya where he was detained. When he left he was accompanied by her and went to the night club in the woods of Herzliya. The institution, returning of his own free will the next morning.

He was charged before the Tel Aviv District Court with escaping from lawful custody under section 133 of the Criminal Code Ordinance, was found guilty and sentenced to two months imprisonment. He was also required to serve a suspended sentence of eighteen months delivered against him by the Juvenile Court.

Orkavi appealed against his conviction arguing that he had no intention of escaping from the institution as witness the fact that he had returned the morning of his own free will.

The appellant appeared on his own behalf and Dr. E. Gonen, Assistant to the State Attorney, appeared for the Attorney General.

Judgment. Justice Gonen, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, said that there were two questions before the court: first, whether the word "escape" in section 133 should be construed as requiring the intention on the part of the escapee to get away from the custody of the institution; and secondly, whether the words "in which the appellant spent the night" are part of the institution's grounds.

In considering the first question, Justice Gonen held that in accordance with a general principle of law, the words "in which the appellant spent the night" mean the unlawful departure of a prisoner from the limits of his custody, even if this departure is temporary and he has every intention of returning (see 29 E.R. 784).

Insofar as the second question is concerned, Justice Gonen held that the appellant had intended to escape from the institution at the time he left the institution, and that the intention to escape is a necessary element of the offense. He held that the appellant's intention to escape was established by the evidence.

German Restitution Payments Convertible.
LONDON (INA).—Recipients of payments under Federal German compensation laws will be able to convert the recent decision of the German Government and the German Federal Bank to make the German marks convertible for non-Germans receiving payments in Federal Germany.

In the past such payments were made into accounts of limited convertibility. From December 29, 1958 these accounts as well as freely convertible accounts are being transferred into a unified "allied D.M. account." Payments from and into such accounts in Germany can be ordered in D.M. as well as in all foreign currencies.

Noted Indian Doctor Works Under Zondek.
A prominent Indian woman physician, Dr. Puthussary Kollakkal Devi, Professor of Gynecology and Obstetrics at the Maharaja Medical College and Hospital, is at present carrying out research work under Prof. Bernard Zondek at the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School.

Prof. Devi, who received a fellowship from the Middle East Scholarship Fund, is studying research methods in the field of endocrinology in the University's Hormone Research Laboratory. A graduate of the University of Madras, she had previously worked at the University of London and the Indian Council of Medical Research. She is married and has three children.

PERSONNEL SELECTION IN INDUSTRY.
HAIFA.—A pamphlet dealing with personnel selection in industry has just been published by the Department of General Studies at the Technion.

Written by Dr. Y. Rim, lecturer in Psychology at the Institute, the booklet is entitled "Personnel Selection with the Aid of Psychological Testing and Interviews." It discusses the interviewing aspects of personnel selection, and the use of psychological testing in determining personnel fitness for various industrial jobs.

Whole 10 to 90.
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U.S.A.F. to Study Projects Here

By YACOV FREEMAN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA.—A six-man delegation of the U.S. Air Force Air Research and Development Command is expected here this month for a three-day tour of Israeli institutions of higher learning. The delegation will be led by the head of the office, Colonel Nathan L. Kristberg, and will be made up of a number of majors and captains.

They will discuss research projects for the Air Force with the Technion, the Hebrew University and the Weizmann Institute. Technion scientists have already completed a number of research projects for the Command, and are at present engaged on three additional projects.

Each of these deals with a very specific factor of flight problems aimed ultimately at the speeding of flight by conventional planes and missiles.

Three Projects. Two of the projects, handled by the Aeronautics Division of the Technion, aim at reducing a method of increasing the influence of various phenomena such as heat and pressure at high speeds on the aerodynamic properties of missiles. The third project deals with the speed of four to five mach (the speed of sound). The third is concerned with the strength of a metal alloy at missile speeds.

The projects are being carried out by Dr. A. Kogan and Y. Singer of the Aeronautics Department and Dr. P. Rudman of the Department of Physics. They are assisted by students and research assistants. The projects are completed within 18 months to three years. They are being executed under the auspices of the Technion Research Institute for Development and Design.

The U.S. Air Force is paying five figure sums in dollars for them. It is understood that the Command intends to enter the participation of Israeli scientists in its research projects. In future research projects, Israeli scientists will also be included.

Four additional projects were started on Thursday.

LYDDA AIRPORT FLIGHTS. ARRIVAL AT 11:45 from Vienna, 12:00 from Rome, 12:15 from Athens, 12:30 from London, 12:45 from Paris, 1:00 from Rome, 1:15 from Athens, 1:30 from London, 1:45 from Paris, 2:00 from Rome, 2:15 from Athens, 2:30 from London, 2:45 from Paris, 3:00 from Rome, 3:15 from Athens, 3:30 from London, 3:45 from Paris, 4:00 from Rome, 4:15 from Athens, 4:30 from London, 4:45 from Paris, 5:00 from Rome, 5:15 from Athens, 5:30 from London, 5:45 from Paris, 6:00 from Rome, 6:15 from Athens, 6:30 from London, 6:45 from Paris, 7:00 from Rome, 7:15 from Athens, 7:30 from London, 7:45 from Paris, 8:00 from Rome, 8:15 from Athens, 8:30 from London, 8:45 from Paris, 9:00 from Rome, 9:15 from Athens, 9:30 from London, 9:45 from Paris, 10:00 from Rome, 10:15 from Athens, 10:30 from London, 10:45 from Paris, 11:00 from Rome, 11:15 from Athens, 11:30 from London, 11:45 from Paris, 12:00 from Rome, 12:15 from Athens, 12:30 from London, 12:45 from Paris, 1:00 from Rome, 1:15 from Athens, 1:30 from London, 1:45 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The Weather

Forecast: Partly cloudy, with occasional showers in the morning, mainly in the north and the center of the country.

City	Temp.	Wind	Humidity
Tel Aviv	15-20	1-2	60-70
Jerusalem	10-15	1-2	60-70
Haifa	12-18	1-2	60-70
Beirut	14-20	1-2	60-70
Nicosia	16-22	1-2	60-70
Amman	18-24	1-2	60-70
Cairo	20-26	1-2	60-70
Baghdad	22-28	1-2	60-70
London	45-55	1-2	60-70
New York	35-45	1-2	60-70
Paris	40-50	1-2	60-70
Moscow	30-40	1-2	60-70

ARRIVALS

Mr. George Palmer, Director of the British Consulate in Jerusalem, arrived in Jerusalem on Friday night, accompanied by his wife and two children. Mr. Palmer is on a visit to the Holy Land and will be in Jerusalem for a week.

Mr. Cyril Ross, of the British Consulate in Jerusalem, arrived in Jerusalem on Friday night, accompanied by his wife and two children. Mr. Ross is on a visit to the Holy Land and will be in Jerusalem for a week.

DEPARTURES

The British Ambassador, Mr. Ernest Bevin, departed for London on Friday morning, accompanied by his wife and two children. Mr. Bevin is on a visit to the Holy Land and will be in Jerusalem for a week.

The British Consul, Mr. George Palmer, departed for London on Friday morning, accompanied by his wife and two children. Mr. Palmer is on a visit to the Holy Land and will be in Jerusalem for a week.

TO ALITALIA

ITALIAN AIRLINES

OUR BEST WISHES ON THE OCCASION OF THE OPENING OF THEIR OFFICES AT TEL AVIV

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THE MANAGEMENT OF Orient Lloyd TRAVEL OFFICE

36 Alibey Rd. TEL AVIV

extends its heartfelt greetings to

ALITALIA

on the occasion of the inauguration of the company's offices in Tel Aviv

TEVEL

Travel Trust Ltd. Tel Aviv

With deep sorrow we announce the untimely death of our fellow worker

SELMA BECK

and express our heartfelt sympathy to her husband, brother and family.

The English Department of Messadah Publishing Company

With deep sorrow we announce the death of

SELMA BECK

(née Rosenberg)

JOSEPH BECK

TUVIA VERED

The funeral has already taken place. Please abstain from condolence visits.

THE ISRAELI OFFICE

British Zionist Federation is holding

A Memorial Meeting

for the late

PHILIP WILLIAMS

Today Sunday, January 4, at 3 p.m. at the Leah Pressman Hall, Erez-Hayon Building, 28 Rehov Hagazon, Tel Aviv.

Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

Barzilai Backs Kanev Scheme

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The Minister of Health, Mr. I. Barzilai, on Friday night announced his support for the Kanev Committee's recommendation on a State health insurance scheme. Speaking at a public meeting organized by the Kanev Committee and the Ministry of Health, Barzilai said that the recommendation would lead to a State health insurance scheme, which would be a major step towards the realization of the dream of a State health insurance system.

The Committee has recommended that the State should take over the responsibility for the health of its citizens. It has proposed that the State should establish a health insurance fund, which would be financed by a levy on the income of all citizens. The fund would be used to pay for the medical expenses of all citizens, including the cost of hospitalization, medical treatment, and the purchase of medical equipment.

Barzilai said that the Government was in a position to accept the Committee's recommendation. He said that the Government was committed to the principle of universal health insurance, and that it was determined to implement the Committee's scheme as soon as possible. He said that the Government was committed to the principle of universal health insurance, and that it was determined to implement the Committee's scheme as soon as possible.

Barzilai said that the Government was committed to the principle of universal health insurance, and that it was determined to implement the Committee's scheme as soon as possible. He said that the Government was committed to the principle of universal health insurance, and that it was determined to implement the Committee's scheme as soon as possible.

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Father Sped to N.Y. Where His Daughter Lay Injured

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A man who read a report in an afternoon paper on Friday that his daughter had been seriously injured in a car accident in New York, was on a plane headed for that city at 3 p.m. on the same day and was at his daughter's bedside by Saturday night.

It took just one hour from the moment that he learned of the accident until he was in New York. The man, who is a well-known figure in the Jewish community, was accompanied by a group of friends and family members.

The fast-moving man was the father of Hava Hamburger, 24, of Tel Aviv. Hava was injured while driving home from a New Year's Eve party with her friend, Hana, 22, of Tel Aviv. The car was involved in a collision with a truck, and Hava was thrown from the vehicle.

Hava was taken to a hospital in New York, where she is now lying in a coma. Her condition is serious, but there is hope that she will recover. Her father, who is a well-known figure in the Jewish community, is now in New York, where he is spending time with his daughter.

Hava's father, who is a well-known figure in the Jewish community, is now in New York, where he is spending time with his daughter. He is accompanied by a group of friends and family members, who are all concerned for her well-being.

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Dayan Says Becker Withheld Facts

Jerusalem Post Staff

TEL AVIV. — The workers should always be told the truth concerning Israel's economic situation, and this was the message of a speech by Dayan on Saturday. Dayan said that Becker, who had been in the country for some time, had withheld certain facts from the workers.

Dayan said that Becker had withheld certain facts from the workers, and that this was a serious matter. He said that the workers had a right to know the truth about the country's economic situation, and that they should be able to make their own decisions based on the facts.

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T.A. Maccabi and Hapoel Both Go Down in Defeat

Jerusalem Post Staff

Tel Aviv's Maccabi and Hapoel teams both lost on Saturday at home, before a record crowd of 15,000. Maccabi lost to Hapoel, and Hapoel lost to Maccabi. The games were part of a league match, and the results were a surprise to many fans.

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MOON

(Continued from Page 2)

Saturday evening when it crossed history's first artificial comet by emitting sodium flames as it rushed through space. Earlier, scientists at a high mountain observatory in the heart of the Soviet Union photographed the artificial comet. Moscow Radio reported that a senior member of the Academy of Sciences said that the observation near Alma Ata had made a number of photographs of sodium flames emanating from the comet.

The announcement of the launching of the comet was first made by Moscow Radio Friday night. It said that the rocket had been fired to mark the 31st Congress of the Soviet Communist Party, which opens in Moscow on January 27.

The total weight of the scientific and measuring instruments, together with the source of current supply and the container, is 561.3 kilograms, a Tass statement said.

The rocket was reported to have exceeded the second cosmic speed necessary for interplanetary flights, which was earlier given as 11.2 kms. per second. Tass said such speed has been attained and the container, is 561.3 kilograms, a Tass statement said.

Moscow Radio quoted the director of the Astronomical Observatory of the Soviet Academy of Sciences at Pulkovo, Prof. A.I. Mikhalov, as saying: "It was not only necessary to impart to the rocket a speed nearly one and a half times greater than that needed for artificial earth satellites, but exceedingly accurately to calculate and direct the path of the rocket."

Mikhalov said it would have been more convenient to launch the rocket at the new moon, but it is then impossible to observe the rocket optically in the vicinity of the moon.

Scientists in London earlier said they were puzzled that the Russians chose for more difficult last quarter of the moon for their attempt. Prof. Mikhalov's explanation appears to answer this question.

Prof. Mikhalov added: "The time is approaching when men will be able to get foot on the surface of the moon and of other planets." An astronomer, Prof. Nikolai Koyur, said that "from this moment astronomical projects stop being abstract and begin serving mankind directly and not indirectly."

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Cables in Brief

OIL. — Prospectors have found a "very encouraging sign" of a new oilfield near the Mediterranean coast, the British Petroleum Company said. The oilfield is located in the area of the two Bahariya fields already being developed. It was reported in Algiers.

MISS FRANCE. — Miss Monique Franck, 22, a dark-eyed brunette from Poliers, has been chosen from 18 other contestants as Miss France of 1953. Monique is employed in a beauty parlor.

GOLD. — Britain's reserves of gold and convertible currencies fell by \$22m. in December, the British Treasury has announced. Reserves stood at \$1,090m.

WED. — Three thousand persons, most of them women, struggled with police for nearly an hour today in Brisbane, Australia, outside the church as Davis Cup tennis player Ashley Cooper married Miss Helen Wood, Miss Australia of 1952. The crowd almost wrecked the wedding with their near rioting. Police ordered all available reinforcements to the area.

TIBET. — Tibet has produced its first steam-powered tugboat to replace the yak-drawn dugouts that now ply the mountainous nation's rivers, the New China News Agency has reported. The tug, named the "Lhasa" for Tibet's capital, is capable of carrying 30 tons of cargo up the Lhasa or Brahmaputra rivers.

EL AL Suspends Amsterdam Flights

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — El Al is suspending its services to Amsterdam via Vienna and Cologne until March 28, the company's spokesman announced in Amsterdam on Friday.

The El Al spokesman said that the flight will now end at Vienna as the traffic to Amsterdam does not warrant continuing the service during the winter. He added that the service will be resumed after March 28 with Britannia Turboprops replacing the Constellations that are now used on that flight.

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UNITED EFFORT BORN AT ACCRA

By Our Special Correspondent

ACCRA, Ghana, Jan. 3 (AP)—

IF all these people from

different parts of Africa

had spent this week only

drinking tea together, this

All-African People's Conference

would still have been

grand success. But the

fraternal delegates from an

American trade union. And

added: "As an example,

when I was passing the

hotel terrace just now I

found a delegate from

West Africa and another

from East Africa earnestly

exchanging experiences with

each other. And what did

they learn? That they have

pretty much the same prob-

lems; that they are held the

victims of imperialism."

Reaching a few last im-

pressions at Accra airport

with a Basuto who had im-

ported to get out of the

Union of South Africa for

the first time, he expressed

the buoyancy and the new

hope that he was returning

home. "I do not know

what may happen to me

when I land in Johannesburg,"

he said. "I do know I know

that we are no longer alone

in our struggle."

These observations sum up

the import of the All-African

Conference, whose last delegates

have just left Accra. The tone

of the Conference was set by

Dr. Kwame Nkrumah in his open-

ing address as Chairman of

the Convention People's Party

of Ghana. He accom-

panied his address with a

series of statements which

outlined the conference's

main objectives and the

steps to be taken to achieve

them. He declared that the

conference was a necessary

step towards the realization

of the African's right to

self-determination and

independence. He called for

unity and cooperation among

Africans and for the

elimination of racial

discrimination and

colonialism. He urged

the delegates to work

for the realization of

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